

English 101

Lecture (15)

Revision

LESSON B: FAVORITE CLESSES

USING ALL, MOST, SOME, A FEW, A LOT OF

Growing up

In Unit 5, you learn how to . . .

- use the simple past in statements and questions (review).
- use time expressions to talk about the past.
- use all, most, a lot of, a few, etc.
- talk about memories of childhood, school, and your teenage years.
- correct yourself with expressions like Wait, Actually, and I mean.







FORM

There are <u>regular</u> verbs and <u>irregular</u> verbs.

All regular past tense verbs end in "ed"

Regular: study studied

live lived

stay stayed

Some verbs have irregular past tense forms:

Irregular: go went

be was – were

do did

These verbs don't follow any spelling rules. Irregular past verb forms must be learned.

Spelling of "ed" form

Most verbs – add "ed"

Example: walk walked

order ordered

Verbs that end in "e" – add only "d"

Example: live lived

decide decided

Verbs that end in consonant "y"- change y to i and add "ed"

Example: study studied

carry carried

Verbs that end in CVC [stressed vowel] double the last consonant

Example: shopped

stop stopped

per<u>mit</u> permitted

ad<u>mit</u> admitted

Do not double the last consonant if the last syllable is not stressed:

listen listened

Negative Statements

To form negative statements:
 did + not (didn't) + base form

Example: He didn't call me.

She didn't study French.

 Don't use didn't with the verb TO BE use to be + not:

Example: He <u>wasn't</u> there yesterday. They <u>weren't</u> happy.

Yes/No questions & short answers

To form yes/no questions, use:
 did + subject + base form

Example: Did he study English last night?

Did they learn to play the piano?

 To form short answers to yes/no questions, use:

yes + subject pronoun + did

no + subject pronoun+ didn't

Example: Yes, he did.

Or

No, they didn't.

Exercise

Complete the conversations with was, wasn't, were, weren't, did, or didn't.

1. Rick So, Dina, ______ you grow up here in Miami?

Dina Yes, I __did____, but we __Weren't born here.

My sister and I __were__ born in Puerto Rico,
and we moved here when we __were__ kids.

Rick ___did__ you study English when you _were ___ in school in Puerto Rico?

Dina Yes, we <u>did</u> – for a few years – but we <u>Didn't</u> really learn English until we came here.

Rick Wow! And now you speak English better than I do – and I _was _ born here!



2. Thomas When were you born, Grandma? Grandma I was born in 1929. Thomas Really? were you born here in Los Angeles? Grandma No, I Wasn't . Your grandfather and I were both born in China. Thomas So when __did___ you come to the U.S.? Grandma My family Didn't move here until I was 13 years old. Thomas __did____ you go to school in China? Grandma No, I Didn't . My parents Weren't rich, so I had to work. Thomas And when was Grandpa born? Grandma He was born in 1928, but he says he wasn't really born until 1947. Thomas Why does he say that? Grandma Because that's when he met me.



	nscramble the questions. Then answer the questions with our own information.
1.	you / When / born / were ? When were you born?
2.	Where / born / your / were / parents ? Where were your parents born?
3.	grow up / you / Where / did ? Where did you grow up?
4.	best friend / Who / your / was / ago / five years ?
5.	a child / you / move / when / Did / ever / were / you ?
6.	you / play video games / Did / when / you / little / were ? Did you play chess when you were little?
7.	long / you / were / elementary school / How / in ? How long were you in elementary school?

Time expressions:

1. For

Did you live there for a long time?

- 2. Until { up to a specific point in time.}
- e.g. We lived here until 1992/ February.
- 3. From _____ to ____ {two points of time}
- e.g. I stayed in Riyadh from March to September.
- 4. ago {time expression + ago}
- e.g. My family moved to the UK ten years ago.
- 5. Then: (and then)
- e.g. We lived in Brazil. Then we moved to the U.S.
- e.g. We lived in Brazil, and then we moved to the U.S.
- 6. When: {conjunction} + clause with a specific point in time.
- e.g. We left when I was six

Complete the story with the words in the box. You can use some words more than once.

long

in last

weeks, and I can't wait!

for from √ago This is a picture of my best friend, Mi Young. I took it a few years _______. Mi Young and I met ___in __ 1993. We were very young _when we became friends. Mi Young is a very interesting person. She was born in Busan, South Korea, in 1989. Her family moved to the U.S. when she was three years old. They lived in Boston __until_ Mi Young was fifteen. __then __they moved to New York City. I cried ___for__ a long time after they moved. Mi Young didn't live in New York long because her family moved to Chicago and she went to college when she was eighteen. We studied together at the University of Chicago _____for four years - from 2005 to 2008. We graduated last year. Eight months ago, Mi Young got a great job in Chicago. Two months __ago __, I got a job there, too. I'm starting my job ____ two

then

when

until

to

What languages did you learn in school?



All the students in my high school had to take English – it was required. And I needed English to get into my university. (Tokyo)



Well, years ago, most people learned Russian and only a few people took English. I studied both. (Warsaw)



I took Spanish last year, and most of my friends did, too. There are a lot of Spanish speakers around here, so it's kind of useful. (Los Angeles)



A lot of my classmates dropped French after ninth grade. Almost all of them – except me. But then later, some of them had to take evening classes because they needed it for work. (Lagos)

Circle the correct expression to complete these sentences.

- 1. Most / Most of my friends are fluent in English.
- 2. A few / A few of people in my city know Russian.

Determiners

- All high schools have Math teachers.
- A lot of people do not like Math.
- No students like exams.

- 1. What do we call the words in red?
- How do we use them?
- 3. Why do we put "of" sometimes and we delete it other times?
- All, most, A lot, some, few, no, and none are "quantifiers"
- They are used before nouns to say how much or how many of something we are talking about.

Determiners

General Statement

{Determiner + noun}

All, most, A lot of, some, a few, no + plural noun All people like nature.

Most Canadians speak English.

A lot of people don't like math.

A few people get scholarships.

No students like exams.

Note: No can also be followed by a singular noun No student like exams

Determiners

Specific Statement

{Determiner + of + determiner + noun}

All (of), most of, A lot of, some of, a few of, none of + of +

other determiner + plural noun

None of my friends go to the library after school.

Most of the people that I know stay up late.

A lot of the students in my class don't like math.

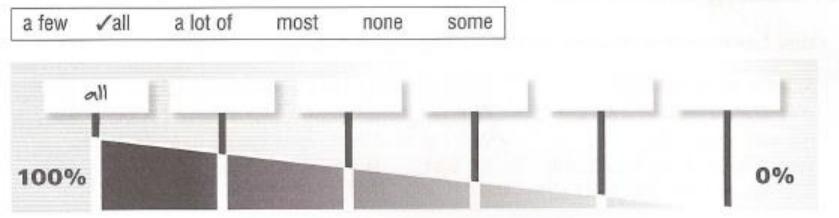
A few of the students in my school get full marks.

Other determiners

the
my
you
this
that
us
them

Note: All can be used with or without of before determiner +noun All of my friends hate waking up early. All my friends hate waking up early.

A Write the determiners in order in the chart below.



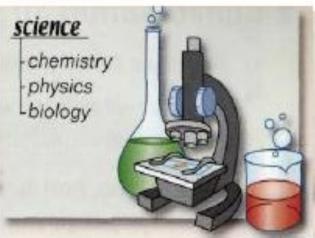
Read the test results. Complete the sentences with the determiners in the box. Use each expression only once.

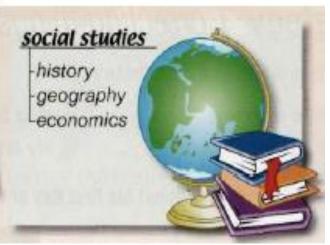
	Chemistry	English	Geography	Geometry
Passed	55%	100%	90%	15%
Failed	45%	0%	10%	85%

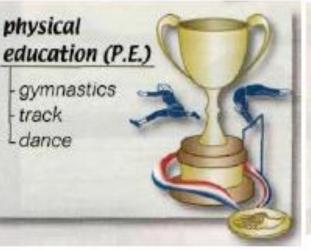
A few	v A fev	of of	All of	A lot of	Most of	None of	✓Some	Some of
	Some	_ stuc	dents in tl	ne class pas	sed chemistr	y. Some	of then	n failed chemistry
A	ll of	_ the	students	passed Engl	ish. None	of the	students fa	iled it.
M	lost of	_ the	_ the students passed geography. A few		w s	students failed it.		
Α	few of	_ the	students	passed geor	netrymos	tpe	eople failed	it.

Building Vocabulary

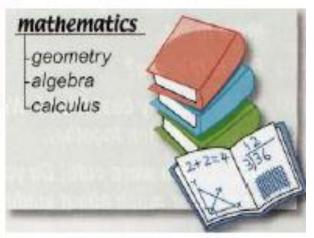












Vocabulary Exercise

A Circle the word that doesn't belong. Then write the general category of the subjects.

1. history	(chemistry)	economics	geography	social studies
2. gymnastics	dance	art	track	Physical education
3. geometry	Computer studies	algebra	calculus	mathematics
literature	biology	chemistry	physics	science